



Vocabulary and Grammar in Use



6 th FORM



АНГЛИЙСКИЙ ЯЗЫК

СБОРНИК ЛЕКСИКО-ГРАММАТИЧЕСКИХ УПРАЖНЕНИЙ

6 класс

УДК 372.881.111.1 ББК 81.2Англ-922 А64

Издание допущено к использованию в образовательном процессе на основании приказа Министерства образования и науки РФ от 14.12.2009 № 729 (в ред. от 13.01.2011).

Рецензент — канд. пед. наук, доцент кафедры западно-европейских языков и методики их преподавания Института филологии и иностранных языков МПГУ *E.C. Нечаева*.

Английский язык: сборник лексико-грамматических упражне-A64 ний. 6 класс / Сост. М.А. Молчанова. — М.: ВАКО, 2014. — 96 с.

ISBN 978-5-408-01634-1

Сборник лексико-грамматических упражнений составлен в соответствии с требованиями ФГОС и предназначен для повторения и закрепления грамматических и лексических тем. Темы заданий сборника соответствуют школьной программе. Технологии выполнения заданий способствуют успешной подготовке учащихся к сдаче государственной аттестации по английскому языку.

Издание предназначено для учителей английского языка и учащихся шестого класса общеобразовательной школы.

УДК 372.881.111.1 ББК 81.2Англ-922

Учебное издание

Составитель **Молчанова** Мария Александровна

АНГЛИЙСКИЙ ЯЗЫК Сборник лексико-грамматических упражнений 6 класс

Выпускающий редактор Олег Хлюпин Дизайн обложки Юлии Морозовой

Налоговая льгота — Общероссийский классификатор продукции ОК 005-93-953000. Издательство «ВАКО»

Подписано к печати 03.03.2014. Формат 70×100/16. Бумага офсетная, Гарнитура Школьная. Печать офсетная. Усл. печ. листов 7,78. Тираж 10 000 экз. Заказ № В 2546.

Типография ООО «Полиграфиздат» 144003. г. Электросталь, Московская область, ул. Тевосяна д. 25

Методические рекомендации для учителя

Серия «School English» предназначена для изучающих английский язык в начальной, основной и старшей общеобразовательной школе и включает в себя сборник лексико-грамматических упражнений с тестовыми заданиями, сборник упражнений и тестовых заданий по лексике для самостоятельной работы и сборник упражнений и тестовых заданий по грамматике для самостоятельной работы. Также в серию входят методическое руководство для учителя по организации проектной деятельности школьников на английском языке и ресурсные материалы для учителей для подготовки к сдаче ГИА и ЕГЭ по английскому языку.

Материалы подготовлены в соответствии с требованиями Федерального государственного стандарта начального образования и основного общего образования, отражают основные программные положения в области иноязычного школьного образования и основываются на современных технологиях обучения иностранному языку.

Основная цель сборника — развитие коммуникативных иноязычных умений в области устного и письменного речевого общения, последовательная подготовка учащихся к сдаче государственной итоговой аттестации по английскому языку.

Сборник лексико-грамматических упражнений предназначен для повторения и закрепления грамматических и лексических тем, составляющих основу формирования иноязычной коммуникативной компетенции учащихся шестого класса. Отрабатываемые темы соответствуют школьной программе.

Сборник лексико-грамматических упражнений может быть использован по усмотрению учителя в качестве материала для домашнего задания, работы в классе, самостоятельной работы и факультативных занятий.

Сборник лексико-грамматических упражнений включает в себя шесть частей (blocks), рассчитанных на работу в течение учебного года (по три части в каждом полугодии).

Часть 1 (Block 1) предназначена для повторения материала предшествующего года обучения и рекомендуется для выполнения в сентябре. Часть 2 (Block 2) может выполняться в течение октября и ноября. Часть 3 (Block 3) рекомендуется для выполнения в течение ноября и декабря учебного года. Часть 4 (Block 4) выполняется в январе и феврале. Часть 5 (Block 5) рекомендуется выполнять в течение марта и апреля. Часть 6 (Block 6) выполняется в мае. После каждой части предлагаются тестовые задания. Тесты разработаны в двух вариантах, которые можно использовать как одновременно, так и последовательно.

Примерный календарный план работы

Часть	Месяц	Тест	Месяц
1	сентябрь	1.1, 1.2	сентябрь
2	октябрь-ноябрь	2.1, 2.2	ноябрь
3	ноябрь-декабрь	3.1, 3.2	декабрь
4	январь-февраль	4.1, 4.2	февраль
5	март-апрель	5.1, 5.2	апрель
6	май	6.1, 6.2	май

Каждая часть (Block) состоит из трех разделов (Sections), отличающихся по характеру выполняемых заданий. Раздел 1 (Section 1) включает задания репродуктивного типа, направленные на отработку языковой формы (например, употребление глагола в соответствующей форме). Раздел 2 (Section 2) предлагает задания репродуктивно-продуктивного характера (например, дополнение предложений), что позволяет плавно перейти от механического воспроизведения речевого образца к созданию собственного речевого высказывания. Раздел 3 (Section 3) включает задания творческого характера (например, расспрос собеседника о каком-либо событии), позволяющие сконцентрировать внимание учащихся на содержании высказывания. Письменное выполнение заданий этого раздела формирует умение структурировать свое речевое поведение.

Такое распределение заданий по трем разделам позволяет последовательно выстраивать работу по формированию иноязычной коммуникативной компетенции учащихся в различных видах речевой деятельности (в частности, при построении монологического и диалогического высказывания).

Внутри каждого раздела представлено достаточное количество заданий для закрепления лексико-грамматического материала. Хотя последовательность заданий и подчинена логике «от простого к сложному» и «от знакомого к незнакомому», нет необходимости выполнять задания в порядке, предложенном автором.

Кроме того, распределение заданий по трем разделам продиктовано необходимостью выстраивать индивидуальную образовательную траекторию учащихся с учетом дифференцированного подхода.

Topics	About Myself Family School Free Time Places of Interest
Grammar	The Present Continuous Tense The Present Simple Tense The Past Simple Tense The Future Simple Tense Degrees of Comparison of Adjectives Plural Nouns There is / There are To be going to Negative Prefixes -ing Forms Questions Basic Prepositions
Section	1.1 ge the order of these words to form eight complete sentences.
1) five a	day There usually are at school our.
Ther	e are usually five lessons a day at our school.
2) got A	nna a small from house country not Moscow far Has?
3) you V	Vould to spend me like weekend the?
4) My do	oes English friend not his do regularly homework.
5) classe	es you go a Will walk for after?
,	

6) are My going to parents seaside the June in.	
7) in Timothy now having a is lunch café.	
8) Britain We last of the visited capital Great the June.	
1.1.2. Make the following sentences negative.	
1) The weather is sunny today.	
No, it isn't. The weather is cloudy today.	
2) Winter is my mother's favourite season.	
3) Nights are longer in summer.	
4) It was 5 o'clock.	
5) There were beautiful flowers on the table.	
1.1.3. Rewrite these sentences as general questions.	
1) Jane is tired now.	
Is Jane tired now?	
2) My parents worked hard last year.	

3) There are two museums in this little town.
4) My friends are doing their homework now.
5) Bob was very busy yesterday.
6) Jenifer will be eleven next month.
7) Elizabeth has got a pet hamster.
8) We usually spend summer holidays on the seaside.
1.1.4. Rewrite the sentences using the Past Simple Tense. Add the appropriat
1) We celebrate my father's birthday in December.
We celebrated my father's birthday last December.
2) It is raining now.
3) I often take books from our school library.
4) In the evening we play the guitar or watch TV.

5) My parents will co	me back next Saturda	ay.
6) I don't often go for	r a walk during the w	eek.
7) He is having lunch	now.	
8) My sister goes abro	oad every winter.	
1.1.5. Fill the chart.		
play	plays	playing
come		
run		
do		
have		
study		
jump		
go		
	but I <u>do</u> not <u>u</u>	se it very often (use).
		it (mean)?
3) I'm busy now. I		
		me to the Zoo (take).
		_ at the moment (rain).
6) your ago (<i>go</i>)?	cousin	to Great Britain three years
-,	smates	a difficult exam (have).

1.1.7. Fill the chart.

come	came	come
work		
take		
write		
cry		
do		
snow		
see		
give		
make		

1.1.8. Fill the	gaps. Use the verb to be in the appropriate form.
1) Look! T	here <u>is</u> a mistake in your test.
2) There $_$	an apple and a pear in Mary's bag.
3)	there a cinema in the shopping centre?
4) There _	24 hours in a day.
5) There $_$	an interesting film on TV now.
6)	there museums in this town?
1) This is a	are questions.
3) There is	n't a sea here.
4) Is it a ba	ad cat?
5) My siste	er is small.
•	

1.1.10. Fill the chart.

cold	colder	(the) coldest
small		
good		
bad		
big		
popular		
interesting		

1.1.11. Fill the chart.

toy	toys
flower	
month	
party	
rose	
class	
woman	
shop	

Section 1.2

1.2.1. Put the words into the appropriate columns of the chart.

Countable	Uncountable		
сир	tea		

Words: information, river, country, bread, Maths, textbook, money, year, tennis, rain.

1.2.2. noun		the words and word	combinations that	can be used with the		
1)	two	3) the	5) many	7) some		
2)			6) a little			
	Underline t	he words and word	combinations that	can be used with the		
1)	a	3) some	5) five	7) many		
2)	a lot of	4) the	6) a few	8) a little		
1.2.4.	Translate t	he underlined words	or word combinati	ons into English.		
1)	1) Моей тете <u>не нравится</u> японская кухня (like).					
	doesn't lil	ke				
2)	Сейчас я не	<u>е читаю</u> газету (<i>read</i>).			
3)	Не мешай с	ему, он <u>готовится</u> к	экзаменам (get rea	dy for).		
4)	Летом росс	ийские школьники	не учатся (study).			
5)	Мы не виде	<u>ели</u> их на прошлой і	неделе (<i>see</i>).			
6)	Они вернут	<u>ся</u> из Лондона толь	ко послезавтра (<i>re</i>	turn).		
7)	Он часто <u>гу</u>	<u>ляет</u> в парке в хоро	шую погоду (walk)	·		
8)	Я не пойду	сегодня в бассейн,	слишком холодно	(go).		
9)	Вчера я сде	<u>елал</u> все задания по	английскому язын	zy (do).		
	Add the mi	issing words from tl	ne list given below.	There are some odd		
1)	I'm a pupil	of the sixth <u>form</u>	now.			
2)	At school I	study one	lang	uage: English.		
3)) Nowadays schoolchildren in Russia wear a					

4) Christmas and	l Easter are tradit	tional European _	
5) Mike is trying	to learn this Eng	glish poem by	·•
6) I alwaysthe teacher.	my	compositions be	fore I hand them in to
7) Where are you	ı going to		the weekend?
8) Tomgrandmother in her			vhen he was with his
Words: form, mi spend, birthday, fav		-	s, uniform, classroom,
1.2.6. Fill in the cha	rt by making the	words given belo	w negative.
UN-	IN-	IM-	NON-
unfriendly			
correct, possible, set 1.2.7. Use the plural	nse, patient.		formal, usual, smoker,
sentences. 1) <u>I</u> learn a foreig	gn <u>word</u> every day	y .	
we learn fo	reign words ev	very day.	
2) <u>This</u> is a diffic	cult question for r	ne.	
3) <u>There</u> is an <u>exc</u>	ercise book on our	r <u>table</u> .	
4) That dog has a	got a black <u>ear</u> .	-	
5) The <u>child</u> was	tired after the <u>les</u>	sson.	
		INTERNAL .	

1.2.8. Fill in the g		erbs from the list given below.
1) John <u>does</u>	his homework regularly.	
2) I	care of my pet.	
3) During the leproblems.	sson we sometimes	different historical
4) I usually	a lot of mor	ney on New Year presents.
5) Why did you	your Eng	glish lesson yesterday?
Verbs: does, spe	end, miss, play, discuss, take	e, do, go, take.
1.2.9. Rewrite thes	e sentences as special quest	ions.
1) We went for	a walk in the evening yester	day.
Whendi	d you go for a walk ye	sterday?
2) My friend vi	sited Westminster Abbey in	July.
What		
3) My mother b	aked two cakes for my birth	day party.
How many		
4) I am reading	an adventure story now.	
What kind of _		
5) My teacher v	vill tell us about London ton	norrow.
What		
6) Nick is fond	of travelling.	
What		
7) They have go	t a country house not far fr	om St. Petersburg.
Where		
8) My sister go	es to school five times a weel	k.
How often		
1.2.10. Complete the task easier for you	-	first letter is given to make the
1) My brother l	ikes all his school <u>subject</u>	<u>.</u> ,
2) He s	a lot of time skiing in v	winter.
3) I can g	up late on Sunday.	
4) Have a n	day!	

5) What is your h? - It's music. I like listening to English and Russian pop songs.
6) What flanguages can you speak?
7) The State Tretyakov G is famous all over the world.
1.2.11. Complete the following sentences using appropriate prepositions.
1) I usually get up <u>at</u> 8 o'clock.
2) They have lunch the afternoon.
3) Jane was born 2004.
4) She will go to the country Tuesday.
5) Tim's holidays begin June.
6) Our school year begins the first September.
7) Let's go to the cinema the weekend!
8) I usually have a sandwich breakfast.
9) There's a good film TV today.
10) Do you often listen the radio?
1.2.12. Translate the underlined words into English.
1) Мы собрали много цветов в лесу.
2) Вчера мы были <u>на</u> концерте.
3) После занятий мы пошли в парк.
4) Положи книгу <u>на</u> полку.
5) Анна сидела за столом.
6) Его дом находится <u>рядом со</u> станцией метро.
7) Ручка упала <u>под</u> стол.
8) Он посмотрел <u>на</u> меня и улыбнулся.
1.2.13. Put five special questions to the following sentence.
After school Anna usually goes for a walk with her puppy in the local park
1) When <u>does Anna go for a walk with her puppy?</u>
2) What
3) Where
4) Whose puppy
E) 1871

Section 1.3

1.3.1. Put the questions to the given answers.
1) My name's Kate.
What is your name?
2) My favourite subject is Maths.
3) My sister is going to become a teacher.
4) We had a concert at school last Friday.
5) This cafe is near the Houses of Parliament.
6) I would like to see Westminster Abbey.
7) It's hot and sunny today.
8) My English teacher is polite and intelligent.
1.3.2. Put down five questions about your friend's family.
1) How many people are there in your family?
2)
3)
·

4)	 	 		
5)	 	 		

1.3.3. Fill the chart.

The things a teacher usually does at school	The things a pupil usually does at school
1) explain rules	1) learn new words
2)	2)
3)	3)
4)	4)
5)	5)
6)	6)
7)	7)
8)	8)
9)	9)

1.3.4. Fill the chart with words and word combinations to describe the topics.

Your school subjects	Your free time activities
1) Maths	1) play tennis
2)	2)
3)	3)
4)	4)
5)	5)
Your summer holidays	A well-known city
1)	1)
2)	2)
3)	3)
4)	4)
5)	5)

Your Friend's Perso	onal Profile		
		as Manaya	
Test 1.1			
1. Put down the correct	ancwer		
1) Sue and		v last week?	
a) Are	=	-	d) Will be
2) My friend never		school by bus.	
a) goes		c) doesn't go	
Anna and Toma) wait		· us in the park at c) are wait	
4) He	_		a, wares
	b) will come	•	d) will be come
5) John			
a) didn't bought	b) bought not	c) didn't buy	d) wasn't bought
2. Fill the gaps.			
1) My brother studie	es two	languages	: English and French
2) During the lesson questions.	n our English tea	acher	us a lot of
3) I	like to invite Mil	ke to my birthday	party.
4) How	do you go to	the swimming po	ol?
. 5)	Abbey is a sym	bol of London and	d England as well.

1.3.5. Comment on the following topic giving your ideas (5 sentences).

s. Match the word con column. There is an o			e words in t	ne rignt
1) I do my homewo	rk	a) yesterday.		
2) He watched a go	ood film	b) tomorrow.		
3) We are going to	the country	c) on Sundays.		
4) It's raining hear	vily	d) every evening.		
5) I usually get up	late	e) this week.		
		f) now.		
4. Fill the gaps with a	ppropriate prep	ositions.		
1) Jenny is	London, (Great Britain.		
2) Tell me	your sumn	er holidays.		
3) I hate to get	early!			
4) I take care	my little	sister.		
5) My father come	home 8	B p.m. every weekda	y .	
5. Fill the gaps.				
1) this y	our first visit to	Moscow?		
2) Why	_ you late yester	rday?		
3) you	got any plans fo	or today?		
		It's 11 o'clock alrea	dy!	
5) you				
Test 1.2				
1. Put down the corre	ct answer.			
1) George	in Lon	don next week.		
a) is		c) will	d) will be	
2) When	ho	me?		
a) she comes		c) comes she		
b) does she com		d) does she come)	
3) Your sister likes			1) 14	
a) don't	b) isn't		d) wasn't	
4) Can I speak to T a) has	lim, please? – No b) had	o, I'm afraid, he c) is having		a bath.
ŕ		chool two days ago?	4, 114,0	
•		v c) Saw you	d) Did you	ı see

2. Fill the gaps.	
1) My brother has a lot of Maths and so on.	at school: English, History
2) When does the school year	in Russia? – In September.
3) I got an excellent	for the lesson yesterday.
4) Have a very good	at the weekend!
5) Ben is a famous Westminster in London.	clock at the north end of the Palace of
3. Match the sentences in the left c right column. There is an odd varia	olumn with the word combinations in the nt in the right column!
1) Bob goes to school	a) two days ago.
2) I saw Anna	b) next week.
3) It often snows	c) on Mondays.
4) My parents will return	d) at the moment.
5) She's sleeping	e) five times a week.
	f) in winter.
4. Fill the gaps with appropriate pr	epositions.
1) My school is not far	my house.
2) I usually get up	8 o'clock.
3) Tim's holidays begin	June.
4) Who is standing	the window?
5) Do you often listen	pop music?
5. Fill the gaps.	
1) Why you here so	early today?
2) I got a pet hams	ter.
3) you like to go to	the cinema now?
4) Jane still doing h	er homework.
5) visit your grand	parents last weekend?

Topics	People Places of Interest Descriptions
Grammar	The Present Perfect Tense The Past Indefinite Tense The Present Simple Tense The Future Simple Tense To be going to do Articles Prepositions Word Formation (Noun-forming Suffixes)
Section 2	2.1
2.1.1. Give sh	ort positive answers to the following questions.
1) Are you	going to the park?
Yes, 1	am.
2) Can you	see many parks in London?
3) Has you	ır teacher given you a good mark?
4) Did you	read the text about Isaak Newton?
5) Is there	much homework for tomorrow?
6) Are you	fond of dancing?
7) Does yo	ur friend speak two languages?
8) Have yo	ou ever been to France?
9) Were yo	ou in the cinema last Saturday?

2.1.2. Fill the gaps with one suitable word.
1) Hewillcome back next Saturday.
2) He not do his homework in the morning.
3) Westminster Abbey a large gothic church.
4) you go to Trafalgar Square after English classes yesterday?
5) Margaret Thatcher the Prime Minister of the United Kingdo from 1979 to 1990.
6) He not go to London Zoo last Saturday.
7) you see Polly last week?
8) How many cups of tea your father drink every day?
2.1.3. Make up short conversations. Follow the given pattern.
1) Visit St. Petersburg
– Have you ever visited St. Petersburg?
– Yes, I have.
– When did you visit it?
– I visited it last summer.
2) Write an essay
•• · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
3) Go to the zoo
_
_
4) Take an exam
<u> </u>
-

_	See a famous person
_	
_	
	Read a book in English
_	
	Watch a film with Charlie Chaplin
_	
•	Lose your keys
	Change the order of these words to form seven complete sentences This watching film worth is.
	This film is worth watching.
	can park You among walk old in trees this.
3)	times has sister How your many to been Washington?
4)	I proud my was brother's yesterday performance of little.
	· .

5) never teacher pudding Our eaten English has.
6	go you to you when Did Hyde London Park were in?
7) flown ocean you Have across the ever Atlantic?
8	i) is family do evening What your going Saturday to on?
	6. Rewrite these sentences as general questions. 1) We are proud of our green parks.
2	Are you proud of your green parks? She wants a piece of cake.
3	3) Tom and Ann have been to Madrid two times.
4	The children will go to school only next Monday.
5) My parents were very busy on Sunday.
6	Schoolchildren seldom like to do their homework.

) Му сот	sang so well at the comcert last Friday.
----------	--

2.1.6. Use the given words to form nouns denoting professions. Indicate the part of speech of the words in the left-hand column. Underline the suffixes.

science – noun	scient <u>ist</u>
run	
music	
shop	
poetry	
sing	
journal	
build	

2.1.7. Fill the chart.

Infinitive	Present Tense 3rd person singular	Participle I	Participle II	Past Simple
teach	teaches	teaching	taught	taught
			had	
				helped
	makes			
			run	
				went
see				
		coming		
enjoy				

2.1.8. Fill the gaps with prepositions g on the list!	iven below. There are odd prepositi								
1) My friend has been <u>to</u> Londo	on twice.								
2) I went Madame Tussau	ıd's museum last year.								
3) Will you be at home Sur	nday morning?								
4) Bill is tired boring sch	ool lessons.								
5) Moscow is rich parks and	l museums.								
6) This TV programme is worth	watching.								
7) Are you listening me?									
8) You can see photos the	e royal family in this magazine.								
9) Why are you proud of	the place where you live?								
10) What is this park famous	?								
Prepositions: over, of, on, across, fabout.	From, over, of, in, with, on, to, for,								
2.1.9. Put the words and word combinate chart.	ations into the appropriate columns								
THE	-								
the USA	Agatha Christie								
Words: USA, Agatha Christie, Br Australia, moon, Tverskaya Street, Th of Parliament, Kremlin.	ritish Museum, Red Square, Smit ames, Elbrus, Baltic Sea, Alps, Hou								
2.1.10. Fill the gaps with articles if ne	cessary.								
1) Go to <u>the</u> blackboard.									
2) There are some photos in the alb	um photos are wonder!								
3) first answer was correct	et.								
4) Miss Smith is good teacher.									

5) They are famous writers.
6) Mother is in kitchen now.
7) Would you like to become doctor?
8) It's dangerous elephant.
9) I think he is best actor!
10) They are playing with their kitten.
Section 2.2
2.2.1. Complete the following sentences using the words given below. There are odd words there!
1) Queen Elizabeth II is the head of the <u>Royal</u> Family.
2) I can go to the cinema with you. I am tonight.
3) Alice in Wonderland' is a famous written by Lewi Carroll.
4) Isaak Newton is indeed (a / an) scientist.
5) There are so many wonderful places of in London!
6) They built this castle in the 16th century.
7) The of Liberty is a great sculpture on Liberty Island in the middle of New York Harbor.
8) Kensington with their magnificent trees are very popular for sunbathing and picnics in fine weather.
9) Daniel Defoe is a world-known English of the 18th century.
10) The Planetarium of Moscow is really worth
Words: poem, interest, watching, musician, streets, free, Gardens, statue novel, ancient, outstanding, writer, visiting, special, Royal, sight, crossing.
2.2.2. Use the words in brackets to form the appropriate words and fill the gaps.
1) Mr Brown is a <u>musician</u> (music).
2) She is an excellent (photograph).
3) Tom's brother often travels abroad. He is a in a band (guitar).
4) The State Duma is the place where Russian mee every day (politics).

5) M manage)		, is in his office now
_	re you fond of be	ooks (poet)?
7) A		, built the Palacio de
8) Ti	im's father is a	He works in his own firm (business).
9) Is	s she a good (dan	ce)?
2.2.3. F	ill the chart. Give your own exam	oles.
-IST	1) economist	
	2)	
-IAN	1)	
	2)	
-ECT	1)	
	2)	
-MAN	1)	
	2)	
-ER	1)	
	2)	
1) W	Express the opposite. We arrived in Paris late. We arrived in Paris early. Condon is a very boring place.	
3) T	he museums in Moscow are very c	heap.
4) T	here are very few parks in the city	where I live.

5) I see the same people every day.
6) Most cities are very quiet.
7) Paul's present to me was something usual.
8) I know that I'm wrong.
2.2.5. Make up special questions to the underlined words and wor combinations.
1) I was in this ancient castle two days ago.
When were you in this ancient castle?
2) The museums in London usually open at 10 a.m.
3) Many British students work <u>in cafes</u> during their holidays.
4) There are <u>a lot</u> of places of interest in Washington, D.C.
5) We are going to visit this museum on Wednesday because it's free then
6) You can see the statue of a famous fairy-tale character in this park.
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

7) The children have been to London Zoo three times.
8) London's parks are full of green grass and wonderful flowerbeds.
9) We enjoyed <u>every place that we saw</u> in Paris.
10) The teacher will tell us about British artists next Monday.
2.2.6. Complete the following sentences. The first letters are given to make the task easier for you.
1) How far is this mu <u>seum</u> ?
2) Charlie Chaplin was a popular British ac
3) I would certainly like to visit this ancient ca
4) John R.R. Tolkien was a professor at a uni
5) Margaret Thatcher was an out person.
6) Charlotte Bronte wrote several famous no
7) Sir Winston Churchill is one of the greatest wartime po
8) Here you can see the pictures of some American ar
Section 2.3
2.3.1. Complete the description of a place that you think is worth visiting.
1) The name of the place is
2) This place is
3) There you can see
4) are reall
worth visiting.

2.3.2. Fill the chart with words and word combinations to describe the topics.

A walk in the park	A visit to the museum
1) green grass	1) statue
2)	2)
3)	3)
A famous person	A visit to a famous city
1)	1)
2)	2)
3)	3)

2.3.3. Put down some sights that you can see in the places indicated.

London	Moscow					
1) Westminster Abbey	1) Red Square					
2)	2)					
3)	3)					
Choose your place	Choose your place					
1)	1)					
2)	2)					
3)	3)					

2.3.4.	Make	questions	about	a	famous	city	that	your	friend	visited	with	his
family	7.											

1) What is the name of the city? 2)
3)
 4)
5)

1) The name and the country		
2) Date and place of birth	w.,	
3) His / her character		
4) Important things this person di	d	
est 2.1 Put down the correct answer.		
1) Gloria la	st week?	
a) Have you seen b) Did you see	c) Were you seedd) Had you seed	_
2) I a) have often been b) often have been	to Great Brita c) have been of d) often was	
3) Jane a) study b) didn't study	•	
4) My friend to S a) won't go b) goes	Spain next week. c) willn't go	d) went
5) When I was a child I a) have lived b) was live	in St. Pe	tersburg. d) has lived
. Fill the gaps.		
1) Madam Tussaud's is a world-far	nous waxworks	
2) I really like Agatha Christie's d		
3) I can't buy a ticket to this conce		
4) Oxford is an ancient and import		
5) Moscow is certainly		

	-	in the left column t in the right colu		in the right column.
1)	Does Anna work	in an office?	a) Yes, she di	d.
2)	Did Jane say 'hel	llo' to you?	b) Yes, she ha	ıs.
3)	Will your sister	take you to the zoo	o? c) Yes, she is.	
4)	Has your granny	baked a cake?	d) Yes, she wa	as.
5)	Is Maggie at hom	ne now?	e) Yes, she do	es.
			f) Yes, she wi	11.
4. Fil	l the gaps with ap	propriate auxilia	ry verbs.	
1)	Peter	_ not play football	on Mondays.	
2)	My relatives	leave Mo	scow next week.	
3)	Paul	_ at the concert ye	esterday. He reall	y enjoyed it.
4)	I al	ready done this te	st.	
5)	you	talk to your teach	er an hour ago?	
5. Fil	l the gaps with ar	ticles if necessary	·.	
		ı Tha		
		_ most interesting		read.
	•	Paris		
4)	Bro	owns are going to a	arrive on Sunday.	
5)	Russi	an Federation is fa	amous for its won	derful nature.
Tes	t 2.2			
1. Pu	t down the correc	t answer.		
1)	I can't find my k	eys. I think I	th	em.
	a) lost	b) have lost	c) lose	d) has lost
2)		you so angry yest		
	a) was	b) did	c) do	d) were
3)	My friend says th	nat he b) hasn't seen	this film	ı yet.
			_	d) won't see
4)		home		1
		b) came		_
5)		on the pupils		
•	a) answer		c) have answered	l
	b) are answering		d) answered	

2. Fill the gaps.	
1) I'd like to invite you to my birthday	!
2) Margaret Thatcher is a famous British	
3) This song is listening t	co. It's lovely.
4) I usually part in all school	concerts.
5) Isaak Newton is an	scientist.
3. Match the questions in the left column with There is an odd variant in the right column!	the answers in the right column.
1) Does Mike play tennis?	a) Yes, he will.
2) Did Bill buy this book?	b) Yes, he has.
3) Will your father come tomorrow?	c) Yes, he was.
4) Has your brother done his homework?	d) Yes, he does.
5) Was Tom ill last week?	e) Yes, he did.
	f) Yes, he is.
4. Fill the gaps with appropriate auxiliary ve	erbs.
1) Jane tired now?	
2) My grandmother go to he	r country house next Saturday.
3) you ever seen a famous pe	erson?
4) I not talk to him yesterda	y.
5) When Mark usually come	home after school?
5. Fill the gaps with articles if necessary.	
1) She is good teacher.	
2) I think your composition is b	est!
3) Atlantic Ocean is the world's s	second largest ocean.
4) I've never been to Australia.	
5) Mother is in bathroom now.	

Topics

Animals

Environment

Travelling

Grammar

Regular and Irregular Verbs The Present Perfect Tense The Past Simple Tense

Personal Pronouns

Questions Articles

Basic Adjectives

Section 3.1

3.1.1. Underline irregular verbs.

come	write	go
work	cry	snow
take	do	watch
see	open	give
make	finish	swim

3.1.2. Fill the chart.

Infinitive	Present Tense 3rd person singular	Participle I	Participle II	Past Simple
fight	fights	fighting	fought	fought
save				
		talking		
	joins			
			said	
learn			,	
				fed
			chosen	
				began

3.	Make up short conversations. Follow the given pattern.
1)	You / watch this film
	Are you going to watch this film today?
	No, I'm not. I have already watched this film.
	Really? When?
	I watched this film yesterday.
2)	Your parents / eat at a restaurant
3)	Linda / write to her grandmother
4)	Mark / take his children to the Zoo
,	
5)	Jennifer / go to a concert
6)	Margaret / read her fantastic poem
···	

3.1.4. Fill the gaps with the app	propriate verb form.
1) I have never <u>worked</u>	on a farm (work).
2) Tom has already	_ a lot of mistakes in the test (make).
3) Have they	this house yet (buy) ?
4) This is the best car Peter	has ever (have).
5) My cousin is 23 but he ha	sn't a job yet (find)!
6) Jane is so tired. She has	three tests today (write).
7) Has Anna just	back home (come)?
8) Why haven't they	your question yet (answer)?
Present Perfect Tense. Add the	sing the Past Tense, the Future Tense and the necessary time signals.
1) I spend my money.	act and an
, , ,	esterday.
	ey tomorrow.
r nave aiready spent	my money.
2) We do it together.	
3) They don't do that work.	
4) Does he eat there?	
5) Do you enjoy that lesson?	,
,	

6) The teacher explains	the rule well.
7) He doesn't study hard	d.
8) They don't remember	· it.
3.1.6. Fill the gaps with the	e appropriate verb form.
1) I'm so sorry; I <u>hav</u>	<u>e broken</u> your glass (<i>break</i>).
2) I	_ in this street two years ago (live).
3) I	_ this class last week (join).
4) The rabbit stopped ar	nd at me (look).
5) They	everything already (do) .
6) I	_ my teacher yet (not see).
7) They	several messages for him (leave).
8) He and the boys	to Houston, Texas already (get).
3.1.7. Fill in the gaps. Use	the verb <i>to eat</i> in the appropriate form.
1) at the moment	I am eating.
2) tomorrow	I will eat.
3) just	
4) last week	
5) next June	
6) already	
7) half an hour ago	
8) in 2010	

9) often
10) now
11) sometimes
12) in two months
3.1.8. Give English equivalents of the underlined words.
1) Это <u>мои</u> ключи, <u>твои</u> ключи на столе.
2) Забери <u>эти</u> фломастеры и принеси <u>мне</u> те карандаши!
3) Не отдавай <u>ей</u> книгу, лучше дай <u>ее нашим</u> друзьям.
4) Отсюда видно <u>их</u> дом, но не <u>ваш</u> дом.
5) Позвони <u>им</u> сегодня вечером, а потом перезвони <u>нам</u> .
6) <u>Это моя</u> тетрадь, а <u>та</u> тетрадь на столе учителя — <u>твоя!</u>
7) Отправь <u>ему</u> сообщение и в <u>нем</u> напомни о <u>нашей</u> встрече.
Section 3.2
3.2.1. Fill the gaps using the Present Continuous Tense, the Present Indefinite Tense, the Present Perfect Tense, the Future Indefinite Tense or the Past Indefinite Tense. Use the appropriate form of the verb below. There are some odd verbs!
1) I <u>saw</u> him a week ago.
2) Listen! They such a beautiful song!
3) My friends to the cinema after classes tomorrow.
4) He home late yesterday.
5) Don't phone him now. He his homework.
6) At their last lesson the pupils not all the questions well.

() My friend say	/s ne	tn	is book yet.
8) I don't know	you. I	never	you before.
9) I	afraid wh	en a teacher	asks me a question.
10) you	1	to Janet las	st week?
Verbs: see, answ	er, join, go, b	uy, come, be	, sing, meet, talk, introduce,
3.2.2. Fill the gaps	with the appr	opriate auxi	iliary verbs.
1) <u>Is</u> this yo	our first time	in Moscow?	
2) Why	you here	e so early?	
3)	you got any p	lans for toda	ay?
4)	_ you like to h	ave tea or co	offee now?
5)	Tom still slee	ping? It's 11	o'clock already!
6) Why	you late	yesterday?	
7)	you ever been	to Greece?	
8) What book	he	reading nov	$_{N}$?
9) He	not come to	school yest	erday because he was ill.
10) She	_ done all the	exercises alr	eady.
3.2.3. Fill the gaps	using each of	these words	once.
1) My parents r	eturned home	at 7 p.m.	yesterday .
2) Anna hasn't	phoned me		
3) She has		travelled	to St. Petersburg.
4) Have you		driven	a car?
5) Why are you	not listening	to me	?
6) I think I will	see her only _		•
7) Mike has		_ fed his cat.	•
8) We haven't n	net him		
9) We are not	going to wri	te a test to	oday; we are going to write
10) Our biology a lot.	_• lessons are ·		interesting. We like th

Words: already, yet, never, ever, always, yesterday, now, next we tomorrow, recently.

1) it / yesterday / rain?	
Did it rain yesterday?	
2) enjoy /we / not / last / the film / Sunday.	
3) this kitten / Tim / find / two days ago.	
4) John / already/ write / his / essay / today.	
5) your / cousin / visit / Europe / three / years /	ago?
6) your / brother / choose / his / next / car / yet?	
7) my / not / me / sister / meet / school / tomorro	ow / after.
8) home / why / always / textbook / he / at / leave	??
9) walk / her / just / dog / for / take / a / she.	
2.5. Fill the gaps with the missing question words.	,
 How much are these oranges? is your pen - the black one or the land. 	hluo ana?
3) does your sister live now – in Mosco	

5)	1	ong have you known him?
6)	8	are you from? - I'm from Italy.
7)	r	neets you after school?
8)	8	are you so angry?
9)	t	extbook is this - Anna's or Kate's?
10)	i	s he doing at the moment?
3.2.6.	Put questions	to the underlined words.
1)	Rob and Tom	went to the park yesterday.
	Who went t	to the park yesterday?
2)		n the country tomorrow.
3)	Kate usually p	olays <u>tennis</u> once a week.
		
4)	There were bri	ight <u>stars</u> in the sky.
5)	We have just l	eft London.
6)	Our group wil	l write an English test tomorrow.
7)	Yesterday he k	proke <u>three</u> pencils!
		,
	M	nta harra narray satan sushi
0)	my grandpare	nts have never eaten <u>sushi</u> .
	_	

4) _____ do your lessons at school begin?

9) They are going to walk in the Zoo <u>for two hours</u> .				
10) They went home because they were tired.	_			
3.2.7. Fill the gaps with the missing pronouns.	_			
1) I know your father. I met <u>him</u> in Moscow last year.				
2) Your letter has arrived came this morning.				
3) Jane and I have already eaten had a meal at 11.				
4) Who's that?'s my mother. Would you like to meet her?				
5) Who's Ms Johnson? –'s our new teacher.				
6) So your sister's got a baby. Is a boy or a girl?				
7) Whose dog is that?'s very funny.				
8) If you see George, please tell I have phoned.				
3.2.8. Fill the gaps with articles where necessary.				
1) People in <u>the</u> Russian Federation like tea.				
2) I don't often watch TV. I prefer to listen to radio.				
3) Her birthday is on 14th of October.				
4) He goes to work five days week.				
5) She finished school last year.				
6) Kate can play piano but she can't ride bicycle.				
7) I really hate tests. I often get bad marks for them.				
8) There is good shop at corner of this street.				
9) sky is clear today weather is wonderful.				
10) What time is it? - I don't have watch.				
3.2.9. Express the opposite.				
1) It's a <u>bad</u> idea.				
It's a good idea.				
2) He's very thin.				

3) I take an <u>early</u> train.	
4) We have a <u>cold</u> meal.	
5) My bag is <u>lìght</u> .	
6) He's an <u>old</u> man.	
7) It's a <u>big</u> room.	
8) My pupils are <u>quiet</u> today.	
9) It's a dangerous place.	
10) He is wearing <u>dirty</u> clothes.	
3.2.10. Give English equivalents for the Russian w	vords in brackets.
1) This biologist is famous (во всем мире)al	i over the world.
2) "Animal Aid" is a British animal rights (общес	ство)
3) Let me (представить) Тот.	you to my friend
4) I would like to (присоединиться)	your project.
5) We usually keep our pet hamster in a special	(клетка)
6) Scientists study the life of animals i environment.	n their (естественный)
7) What is the (<i>различие</i>) animals?	between wild and domestic
8) I would like to discuss (всевозможные)you.	things with
9) Different people are now trying to (сохрани endangered animals in Africa.	ть)
10) There are more than 400 (sudos)planet.	of insects on our

3.2.11. Fill the chart with topical words and word combinations.

Wild animals	Farm animals
1) tiger	1) cow
2)	2)
3)	3)
4)	4)
5)	5)
6)	6)
Pets	Taking care of animals
1) dog	1) feed
2)	2)
3)	3)
4)	4)
5)	5)
6)	6)

Section 3.3

3.3.1. Answer the following questions	3.3.1.	Answer	the	following	questions
---------------------------------------	--------	--------	-----	-----------	-----------

1) You have been Yes, I have.	to the Zoo, haven'	t you?	
2) When did you	go to the Zoo?		
3) Who did you g	o with?		
4) Was the weath	er good?		

5) Were there many people in the Zoo?		
6) What animals did you see th	here?	
7) What did you like in the Zo	o?	
8) Are you going to visit the Z	Zoo again?	
9) Who would you like to join	you?	
3.3.2. Make up a profile of an ani Animal Where does it live?	mal.	
What does it look like?		
How does it move?		
What does it eat?		
What adjectives can describe it?		
3.3.3. You can see the answer. Whave you ever seen a No, I haven't. I have never see	an elephant?	
2)Yes, I have got a small		
3)		

5)	•			Account to the second s
I go for a walk with				
6)				
I have already fed it	today.			
7)				
My brother and I wi	ll take our dog to	the vet	for a che	ck-up tomorrow.
8) Thank you. I will.				
3.3.4. Complete the e-m	ail by giving you	r own ide	eas.	
Dear	•			
Thank you very muc		r where v	ou told r	ne about vour daily
school life. It was so int				v v
I would like to tel		school pr	oiect. It	's a project about
endangered animals. In	ŭ	-	=	
name of the project is _				
at it together with				
work				
In the first part of t		l describ	e	
Then we will describe _	_ ,			
why				
We are going to pres				
I am looking forwar				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Yours sincerely,				
Tours sincerery,				
Test 3.1				
.00.011				
1. Put down the correct	answer.			
1) You haven't seen	it before,		you?	
		c) do		d) didn't
2) I want you to mee	et John, he is		friend.	
a) us	b) ours	c) our	_ 11101101	d) we
3) Do you ever lister	,	dio?		
a) to	c) –	c) on		d) by
•	Anna at s	*	dove or	•
4)a) You did see			-	d) Did you see
·	, -		-	
a) My cousin is only a) already had	c) hag a	three jobs! c) has already had		
a) aiready nad b) already has had			d) has already have	

1) I have just a voc	abulary test.	
2) My cousin often to us.		
3) Why didn't your	ne an e-mail?	
4) Last week we a s	short quiz on irregular verbs.	
5) Barbara hasn't	her composition yet.	
3. Complete the sentences in the left the right column. There is an odd va	column using the word combinations in riant in the right column!	
1) Why	a) does she usually go after classes?	
2) How often	b) have you done with the textbook?	
3) Where	c) did you go there alone?	
4) What	d) did she come home?	
5) When	e) do you play tennis?	
	f) is he going?	
4. Fill the gaps using articles if nece	essary.	
1) When do you usually have	lunch?	
2) There are some plates on the ta	able plates are white.	
3) I've got cat.		
4) I really hatetests	s.	
5) John is best pupil in	our class!	
5. Fill the gaps.		
1) I'd like to the soc	ciety that helps endangered animals.	
2) There are about 400 kinds	insects in the world.	
3) He is famous all over the	·	
4) Puss, Kitty and Tom are popul	ar British, names.	
5) I haven't seen him		
T		
Test 3.2	,	
1. Put down the correct answer.		
1)the ne	ws yet?	
a) Have you heard	c) Do you hear	
b) Have you hear	d) Did you hear	

2. Fill the gaps with the proper form of the verb to write.

2)	2) I Andrew at the last lesson.			
	a) don't see	b) haven't seen	c) didn't saw	d) didn't see
3)	Are you tired			
	a) to	c) of	c) from	d) about
4)	Tom didn't come			
	a) did	b) was	c) has	d) does
5)	Howa) often	_ have you known b) many		d) since
2. Fil	l the gaps with th	e proper form of t	the verb to do.	
1)	I have just	ten exerc	eises.	
2)	My cousin often	h	is homework late	at night.
3)	Why didn't you _	your	homework yester	day?
4)	Last week we	a lot o	f work in the gard	den.
5)	I haven't	this task	x yet.	
	mplete the senten ight column. Ther		_	ord combinations in
			_	umm:
	Which How much	,	our sister live? ou seen in London	vot?
	When	c) have yo		yet:
	What	, ,	_	one or the red one?
	Where	• •	r lessons begin ye	
	•	f) are the	se oranges?	
4. Fil	l the gaps using a	rticles if necessaı	·y.	
1)	When do you usu	ally have	breakfast?	
2)	I see a cat.	cat is black.		
3)	I've got	younger siste	er.	
4) i	I usually get	bad mark	s for composition	s.
5)]	It's best	car I've ever seen!	!	
5. Fill	the gaps.			
1) I	I'd like to	the society o	of young naturalis	sts.
2) I	How many	for St. Va	alentine's Day ĥa	ve you written?
3) I	m afraid of	big dog over	there!	
4) A	Asian elephants, gi	ant pandas, snow	leopards are	animals.
5) I	Tave von discusse	d the project with	vour toacher	9

Topics Family Relations Food			
Grammar	The Present Perfect Tense and the Past Indefinite Tense Adverbs (Time Signals) There is / are Impersonal Sentences Can, should, must Questions Comparisons The Possessive Case		
Section 4	1.1		
4.1.1. Put dox	wn short answers to the following questions.		
1) Are you	a reading now?		
Yes, 1	am.		
2) Have yo	ou seen my father today?		
3) Did you	ı lose your bag again yesterday?		
4) Is the v	veather good today?		
5) Has Jer	nny bought milk?		
6) Can you	u help us?		
7) Has you	7) Has your elder sister got a car?		
8) Were ye	8) Were you late for your lessons yesterday?		

9) Should your brother stay at home today?

1) Fly by airplane - I'm nervous Why? - I'm going to fly by airplane tomorrow, and I've never flows by airplane before Don't worry! I flew by airplane last month. There's nothing to be so nervous about! 2) Write an e-mail to a person who lives in Britain 3) Have a party 4) Take a karate lesson		ke up short conversations. Follow the given pattern.
- Why? - I'm going to fly by airplane tomorrow, and I've never flows by airplane before Don't worry! I flew by airplane last month. There's nothing to be so nervous about! 2) Write an e-mail to a person who lives in Britain 3) Have a party	•	
- I'm going to fly by airplane tomorrow, and I've never flows by airplane before. - Don't worry! I flew by airplane last month. There's nothing to be so nervous about! 2) Write an e-mail to a person who lives in Britain 3) Have a party	- <u>Pm</u>	nervous.
by airplane before. Don't worry! I flew by airplane last month. There's nothing to be so nervous about! 2) Write an e-mail to a person who lives in Britain 3) Have a party	•	
Don't worry! I flew by airplane last month. There's nothing to be so nervous about! 2) Write an e-mail to a person who lives in Britain 3) Have a party	-1'm	going to fly by airplane tomorrow, and I've never flow
to be so nervous about! 2) Write an e-mail to a person who lives in Britain 3) Have a party	by o	irplane before.
2) Write an e-mail to a person who lives in Britain 3) Have a party	-Don'	t worry! I flew by airplane last month. There's nothin
3) Have a party	to b	e so nervous about!
3) Have a party	2) Wr.	ite an e-mail to a person who lives in Britain
3) Have a party	,	•
3) Have a party		
	3) Hav	ve a party
4) Take a karate lesson		
4) Take a karate lesson		
4) Take a karate lesson		
4) Take a karate lesson		
4) Take a karate lesson		
4) Take a karate lesson		
,	4) Tak	e a karate lesson
,	_,	
		,

10) Are there many people in your family?

5) Spe	eak at a meeting
6) Ru	n in a marathon
7) Pre	esent a class project
<i></i>	
8) Tal	ke an exam
.3. Fil	l the gaps by forming tag questions.
	e has got two cousins, <u>hasn't she</u> ?
	n's relatives live in the USA,?

ady seen ner grandiatner,!
aunt are playing with their daughter now,
ought Christmas presents yet,?
l windy last Tuesday,?
any exercises in this textbook,
her will soon become a student,
d help their parents,?
ntences putting the word in brackets into the right place
ee us (seldom).
comes to see us.
he park after classes (often)?
ften).
nd you (never).
s given me the book (already).
stakes in her composition (always).
re (seldom).
ve it (never).
•
e about his sister (never).
stakes in her composition (always). re (seldom). ve it (never).

4.1.5. Change the word combinations by using	the Possessive case.
1) the wife of my brother	
my brother's wife	
2) the younger sister of Helen	
3) the coats of the boys	
4) the key of my father	
5) the textbook of Jane	
6) a house of an Englishman	
7) the room of my parents	
9) the toys of my younger sister	
10) the answers of the pupils	
4.1.6. Make up short situations. Follow the give	en pattern.
1) I'm very busy now. (go)	
I can't go.	
2) Who is over there? (see)	
3) What language is he speaking? (understa	nd)
4) Tom's too tired. (walk)	
5) No, Anna is not going to the skating-rink	x. (skaťe)
6) Speak louder, please. (hear)	

4.1.	7. Fill the gaps with there or it.
	1) The sun is shining. <u>It</u> is ten o'clock already.
	2) is a mistake in your test.
	3) are three apples in my bag.
	4) is a cinema in the shopping centre.
	5) I think is very hot in this room.
	6) are 12 months in a year.
	7) When I came home yesterday were two letters for me on table.
	8) will be an interesting film on TV tomorrow.
mo	.8. Translate the underlined word combinations into English. Use the dal verbs can, should or must. Я могу высоко прыгать (jump).
	can jump 2) Он <u>не умеет говорить по-английски</u> (speak English).
A	3) Вам <u>нельзя опаздывать</u> . Это очень важная встреча (<i>come late</i>).
	4) Детям <u>следует проводить больше времени на свежем воздухе</u> (spend re time outdoors).
70 1 AGE	5) Ты <u>должен</u> честно <u>ответить</u> на мой вопрос (answer).
	6) Питеру <u>следует помогат</u> ь своей младшей сестре (help).
	7) Ты <u>должен вынести</u> мусор (take out)!

7) Show them some more books. (choose)

7) A	is a member of your family.
8) An Englishn	nan's is his castle!
9) Please	the rubbish!
	t, pudding, wash up, home, relative, food, uncle, museum, vich, give up, person, cousin, relax.
4.2.2. Put question	s to the underlined words.
1) I live <u>in a bi</u>	g city.
Where do	you live?
2) Tom has got	an interesting project.
3) Anna is usua	ally very tired <u>after classes</u> .
4) I can make <u>a</u>	sandwich.
5) There was <u>st</u>	rong tea in the teapot.
6) My relatives	lived in the USA in 2010.
7) They have b	een to Spain <u>three times</u> this year.
8) Bob hasn't a	answered my letter <u>because he is very busy now</u> .
9) We had a <u>ta</u>	sty chicken pie for lunch.

1) Yesterday I lost my watch.
Did you lose your watch yesterday?
What did you lose yesterday?
When did you lose your watch?
Whose watch did you lose yesterday?
Yesterday I lost my watch, didn't 1?
2) Last Sunday our school team played well.
3) Robert has bought Christmas presents for his relatives.
4) We made the best project about British traditional food last month.
,
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

4.2.3. Put as many questions to the following sentences as you can.

5) My friends	s have written their	English test very badly.
		
	appropriate form of fect Tense or the Pa	of the verb in brackets to fill the gap ast Simple Tense).
1) We <u>fini</u> s	shed our work las	st week (finish).
2) We	the rai	inbow last Tuesday (see).
3) They	in Lo	os Angeles last week (be).
4) I	the nove	l several times before (read).
5) They	there	e twice since Christmas (be).
6) He	a good time a	at the party last night (have).
7) My cousin	not	French last summer (learn).
8)	you ever	a horse (<i>ride</i>)?
9) Where	you	the day before yesterday (go)?
10) Dick	not	Russian yet (learn).
4.2.5. Translate	the underlined adje	ectives into English.
1) Я знаю бо	лее интересную ист	горию!
more int	teresting	
2) Это <u>самый</u>	<u>і большой</u> музей, к	оторый я когда-либо видел!
3) Ученики г	попросили дать им (более трудный вопрос.
4) Это <u>самая</u>	плохая песня на ко	энкурсе сегодня.
5) В июле дн	ии <u>короче,</u> чем в ию	He.

7) Я отдал бр	ату свой свитер, потому что он т <u>еплее</u> .
	ритании <u>лучшая</u> оценка – «А».
9) Этот урок	в учебнике гораздо <u>интерсснее</u> предыдущего.
10) Мне пона	адобится немного бо <u>льше</u> времени, чтобы сделать это.
	gaps with there or it. Use the appropriate form o
1) _l <u>t is</u> _v€	ery warm in the room now.
2)	a lot of theatres in London.
3) What time	is it? five o'clock in the afternoon.
4)	nice to meet your brother in London last summer.
5)	often a rainbow after rain.
6)	a lot of snow last winter.
7) Tommy, lo	ok! a mistake in your dictation again!
8)	four people in my family.
9)	tea in the tcapot?
10)visited last Satu	so many interesting things in the museum that
4.2.7. Translate Possessive Case.	the underlined word combinations into English. Us
1) Учителю п	онравился хороший <u>ответ его ученик</u> а.
his pupil	's answer

4) Комната Анны большая и светлая.
5) Сестра Елены еще в детском саду.
6) Машина моих родителей синего цвета.
7) <u>Письмо твоей тети</u> очень интересное.
8) Вопросы нашего учителя иногда бывают сложными.
4.2.8. Fill the gaps. The first letters are given to make the task easier for you.
1) How many c <u>ousins</u> have you got?
2) I am really proud of my e sister; she is a student already.
3) How many re do you usually invite for your birthday?
4) My gr live in their own house not far from Moscow.
5) I sometimes don't m my bed in the morning.
6) After dinner I always help my mother with the wa up.
7) Englishmen enjoy very s tea.
8) My younger sister can already use a sp when she eats her porridge.

Section 4.3

4.3.1. Fill the chart with topical words and word combinations.

Relatives	Traditional British food
1) cousin	1) pudding
2)	2)
3)	3) .
4)	4)
5)	. 5)
6)	6)

Household duties	Adjectives to describe a family
1)	1)
2)	2)
3)	3)
4)	4)
5)	5)
6)	6)

4.3.2. Fill the chart.

The food I like	For New Year supper we have
It is made of:	_ Tor New Tear supper we have
1)	1)
2)	2)
3)	3)
4)	4)
5)	5)
6)	6)

4.3.3. Put down	questions	about your	friend's	eating	habits
-----------------	-----------	------------	----------	--------	--------

1) When do you usually have breakfast	<u>;?</u>
2)	
3)	······································
4)	
 5)	
-,	
6)	-
6)	

4.3.4. Comment on the	following idea gi	ving your own argu	uments (5 sentences).
A Perfect Family			
			Annual An
			,
Test 4.1			
Dark James 15			
1. Put down the correc			-1-9
a) Are		t the party last we	
2) When	ŕ	•	
		c) phoned he	d) was he phone
3) I	a ca	ar.	
a) never have dr b) has never driv	iven ven	c) did never dri d) have never d	
4)			
· · ·	•	c) Do you can	d) Are you can
5)a) It is	a mistake in you b) Its	r test. c) There is	d) There are
2. Fill the gaps.			
1) My elder sister i	s two years	than me.	
2) I usually	up at 7 a.r	n. on weekdays.	r
3) Petrov is my			
		d their	beds in the morning
5) I really like	·		

3. Match the words in There is an odd variation.			in the right commen	
1) I haven't seen n	ny friend	a) yesterday.		
2) I go to bed at 11	l p.m	b) next week.		
3) I have written t	wo tests	c) already.		
4) I saw my grann	у	d) this week.		
5) I will see my sis	ter	e) yet.		
		f) in the evening	ıg.	
4. Fill the gaps.				
1) I think		is very hot in this	room.	
2) I	never	seen such beautiful	l flowers in my life!	
3) I have never bed	en	Washing	ton, D.C.	
4) My aunt is my r	nother's			
5) A lot	po	eeple like sandwiche	es.	
5. Fill the gaps with a	appropriate forn	as of the adjectives.		
1) It's	tod	ay than it was yest	erday (warm).	
		dress in the sho		
3) What's the		•		
			one (htg).	
		than mir		
Test 4.2 1. Put down the corre	ct answer.			
1) I in :			_	
a) is	b) was	c) will	d) am	
2) When	your si	ster?	.1\	
		c) saw you	a) were you see	
3) Ia) never have se		on. c) did never see		
b) has never see		d) have never see		
4) I				
a) can't	b) don't can	c) couldn't to	d) can't to	
		ng film on TV tomo		
		be c) There is		

2. Fill the gaps.	
1) My younger sister can already us	se a knife, a fork and a
2) My father's brother is my	·
3) I help my mother to	_ the table before breakfast.
4) I think we should take	of our pets.
5) My mother usually bakes a tasty	for Christmas.
3. Match the words in the left colum There is an odd variant in the right co	n with the words in the right column. llumn!
1) I haven't done my homework	a) every weekday.
2) I get up at 7 a.m	b) already.
3) I have seen this film	c) yesterday.
4) I met my teacher	d) tomorrow.
5) I will phone my granny	e) yet.
	f) just.
4. Fill the gaps.	
1) Let's go home.	is evening already.
2) Tom didn't come to school yeste	rday, he?
3) Have you ever been	Great Britain?
4) I this ca	ke from natural ingredients.
5) My sister is going to	a great party tomorrow.
5. Fill the gaps with appropriate form	s of the adjectives.
1) Australia is the earth's	$\underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ continent (old).
2) My sister is	than me (pretty).
3) This year's exam was	than last year's one (difficult).
4) This is the	cup we've got (large).
5) It is the	music I've ever heard (good).

Topics	Hobbies Television	
Grammar	Holidays Reflexive Pronouns Simple Constructions with the Gerund Simple Constructions with the Infinitive Tenses: the Present Perfect, the Past Simple, the Present Continuous, the Present Simple Questions Basic Prepositions	
Section	ı 5.1	
5.1.1. Make	e up disjunctive questions.	
1) You re	really like jogging, <u>don't you</u> ?	
2) Peter	r is fond of making ship models,?	
3) Your (grandparents are working in their garden now,	
4) Paul l	hasn't invited us to his birthday party,	_?
5) The cl	children slept well last night,?	
6) We ca	an help you with the washing up,	?
7) Jane a	and Anna had a lovely weekend,?	
8) You h	haven't seen your aunt yet,?	
9) Marga	garet sent a lot of Christmas postcards,	?
10) Your :	mother usually cooks something special for Easter,?	
5.1.2. Fill thad adverb only	the gaps with the appropriate adverbs from the list below. I y once.	J se e
1) They	have <u>already</u> come back home.	
2) Have	e your parents taken you abroad?	
3) Why i	is your sister crying? Everything is a	ll rię
4) It's s friends!	surprising but I have had a picnic v	with
5) He ha	asn't phoned me	

7) John	does all of his homework.
8)	I am ready for the dictation!
Adverbs: al	ready, yet, never, ever, still, now, recently, always.
5.1.3. Change	the order of these words to form eight complete sentences.
1) him a ha	ve postcard I sent.
1 have	sent him a postcard.
2) lovely on	brought teacher flowers her of Kate Monday.
3) present g	grandmother have I your for a hope you bought.
4) fruit nov	v some fresh like have to I'd.
5) We had a	at the yesterday party a good school time.
6) She last	played week at well stadium the very.
7) The child	dren are in playing the garden now.
8) day their	People usually visit mother on Mother's.
	gaps with the proper verb form. Sone him now. He <u>is doing</u> his homework (do).
	. •
4) Wilat	you now (read)?

6) I have done a lot of work ______.

	3) You a	lready	too many classes (<i>m</i>
	4) Pat a	bsent from school la	ast week (be).
	5) She	_to me every week	(write).
	6)she	to sch	ool every morning (walk)
	7) Her grandson	not	her very often (vi
	8) you	that bo	ok yet (read)?
	9) Last January Jane life (see).		snow for the first time i
	10) I	two tests and a	quiz recently (have).
	5 1 5 Fill the seasonith the		from the list below 70he.
	5.1.5. Fill the gaps with the some odd prepositions on the		s from the list below. The.
	1) Are you sure <u>of</u> t	hat?	
	I usually buy Christn relatives in December.	nas presents	all of my friend
	3) Thank you, it's so nice	e you	
	4) We usually celebrate t	his holiday	March.
	5) I enjoy listening	pop musi	ic in English.
	6) What did you do wher	ı you were	holiday?
	7) I would like to invite n	ny schoolmates	my place next St
	8) What is your city fam	ous	_?
	9) We had a picnic	our friends	in May.
	10) Would you like to go t	here	_ bike?
	Prepositions: on, for, in between.	, to, by, for, about,	with, of, over, of, to, a
·	5.1.6. Fill the gaps with the	e appropriate form	(infinitive or -ing) of the
	in brackets.		
	1) My granny really love	•	
	2) I hope		
	3) Many people are fond		
	4) I'm getting ready for		
	5) My brother likes		- u u
•	6) I have always dreamed	l of	to Canada (go)!

7) The children were so happy	their aunt (meet).
8) Paul had no time	this exercise yesterday (do) .
9) I would like	_ some tea now (have).
10) At weekends we often go $__$ waik).	with our dog in the park
.1.7. Make up short dialogues. Use	the given pattern.
1) John / go to the cinema	
– <u>What did John do yeste</u>	erday?
- He went to the cinema	
 Who did he go to the c 	inema with?
 Nobody. He went to the 	e cinema by himself.
2) Jane / go to the beach	
_	
4	
3) Peter / go to the Zoo	
4) You and your friends / play to	
_	
_	
5) Mr and Mrs Brown / have a pi	enie
· · ·	

	6) Mr Snow / have a walk in the park -
.1.	8. Put questions to the underlined words.
	1) I had a picnic <u>last weekend</u> .
	When did you have a picnic?
	2) We <u>seldom</u> see Tom these days.
	3) I carry <u>my textbooks</u> in a school bag.
	4) The book was about <u>Great Britain</u> .
	5) I enjoy <u>reading adventure stories</u> .
	6) I got up <u>at 6 a.m.</u> yesterday.
	7) I would like some orange juice.
	8) We have bought some <u>fresh</u> strawberries.
	9) They are writing <u>a test</u> now.

٠k

5.1.9. Fill the chart.

do	doing
sit	
make	
study	
look	
stop	
come	
put	
swim	
leave	

5.1	10.	Fill	the	gaps	with	the	appr	opriate	e auxi	liary	\mathbf{or}	linking	; vert	S.
-----	-----	------	-----	------	------	-----	------	---------	--------	-------	---------------	---------	--------	----

1)	My grandm	other <u>IS</u>	_ fond of gardening.
2)	We	not	go to school yesterday.
3)	What	tl	he children doing now?
4)	I	like t	to have some ice-cream now.
5)		your ur	ncle live in Britain now?
6)	She	nev	ver played tennis.
7)	My friends'	hobbies	very different.
8)	There	t	en people at my birthday party a day ago
9)	They	al	lways dreamed of going to Paris!
10)	*	_ you enjoy	y the school performance last weekend?

Section 5.2

5.2.1. Fill the gaps with the correct reflexive pronouns.

1)	Peter did the test <u>himself</u> .	,
2)	Elizabeth took this photo by	
٥,		

3) My younger sister can already walk ______.

4) I made this model _____.

6) He collected all those stamps	5) My grandmother son	netimes talks to	•
8) Bill, are you hungry? Help	6) He collected all thos	e stamps	···································
9) Boys, can you make your beds? 5.2.2. Fill the gaps using appropriate forms of the verbs from the list belo You can use the Present Continuous, the Present Perfect, the Present Indefinit and the Past Indefinite Tenses. There are some odd verbs on the list! 1) Ienjoyed watching the film yesterday. 2) My parents to Greece last summer. 3) What your friends' hobbies? 4) My brother likes sports, especially tennis. 5) Many Russian families are fond of picnics in May 6) I know it's very important to fit nowadays. 7) My cousin to school by bike a day ago. 8) When you usually to the radio? 9) I 200 books in English already! 10) What model your friend now? Verbs: enjoy, have, listen, be, come, join, arrange, collect, do, keep, travmiss, go, make, end, see. 5.2.3. Fill the gaps with the prepositions where necessary. 1) We will soon take partin a famous TV show. 2) Don't be afraid the dog. It will not bite you. 3) The teacher explained the rule us well. 4) I'm not very fond collecting stamps. 5) They will come Los Angeles tomorrow. 6) Do they ever listen classical music? 7) That university is famous its library. 8) My parents have a lot common. 9) They like the same things.	7) Alice and Ben prepar	red the project work	No. of the state o
5.2.2. Fill the gaps using appropriate forms of the verbs from the list belo You can use the Present Continuous, the Present Perfect, the Present Indefinit and the Past Indefinite Tenses. There are some odd verbs on the list! 1) Ienjoyed watching the film yesterday. 2) My parents to Greece last summer. 3) What your friends' hobbies? 4) My brother likes sports, especially tennis. 5) Many Russian families are fond of picnics in May 6) I know it's very important to fit nowadays. 7) My cousin to school by bike a day ago. 8) When you usually to the radio? 9) I 200 books in English already! 10) What model your friend now? Verbs: enjoy, have, listen, be, come, join, arrange, collect, do, keep, travemiss, go, make, end, see. 5.2.3. Fill the gaps with the prepositions where necessary. 1) We will soon take partin a famous TV show. 2) Don't be afraid the dog. It will not bite you. 3) The teacher explained the rule us well. 4) I'm not very fond collecting stamps. 5) They will come Los Angeles tomorrow. 6) Do they ever listen classical music? 7) That university is famous its library. 8) My parents have a lot common. 9) They like the same things.	8) Bill, are you hungry	? Help	to some sandwiches.
You can use the Present Continuous, the Present Perfect, the Present Indefiniand the Past Indefinite Tenses. There are some odd verbs on the list! 1) Ienjoyed watching the film yesterday. 2) My parents to Greece last summer. 3) What your friends' hobbies? 4) My brother likes sports, especially tennis. 5) Many Russian families are fond of picnics in May 6) I know it's very important to fit nowadays. 7) My cousin to school by bike a day ago. 8) When you usually to the radio? 9) I 200 books in English already! 10) What model your friend now? Verbs: enjoy, have, listen, be, come, join, arrange, collect, do, keep, travmiss, go, make, end, see. 5.2.3. Fill the gaps with the prepositions where necessary. 1) We will soon take partin a famous TV show. 2) Don't be afraid the dog. It will not bite you. 3) The teacher explained the rule us well. 4) I'm not very fond collecting stamps. 5) They will come Los Angeles tomorrow. 6) Do they ever listen classical music? 7) That university is famous its library. 8) My parents have a lot common. 9) They like the same things.	9) Boys, can you make	your beds	?
2) My parents	You can use the Present Co	ntinuous, the Present	Perfect, the Present Indefini
3) What	1) I <u>enjoyed</u> watc	hing the film yesterd	ay.
4) My brother likes	2) My parents	to Gree	ce last summer.
5) Many Russian families are fond of	3) What	your friends' h	obbies?
6) I know it's very important to	4) My brother likes		sports, especially tennis.
7) My cousin to school by bike a day ago. 8) When you usually to the radio? 9) I 200 books in English already! 10) What model your friend now? **Verbs:* enjoy, have, listen, be, come, join, arrange, collect, do, keep, traveniss, go, make, end, see. 5.2.3. Fill the gaps with the prepositions where necessary. 1) We will soon take partin a famous TV show. 2) Don't be afraid the dog. It will not bite you. 3) The teacher explained the rule us well. 4) I'm not very fond collecting stamps. 5) They will come Los Angeles tomorrow. 6) Do they ever listen classical music? 7) That university is famous its library. 8) My parents have a lot common. 9) They like the same things.	5) Many Russian famil	ies are fond of	picnies in May.
8) When you usually to the radio? 9) I	6) I know it's very imp	ortant to	fit nowadays.
9) I	7) My cousin	to school b	y bike a day ago.
9) I	8) When	you usually	to the radio?
Verbs: enjoy, have, listen, be, come, join, arrange, collect, do, keep, travemiss, go, make, end, see. 5.2.3. Fill the gaps with the prepositions where necessary. 1) We will soon take partin a famous TV show. 2) Don't be afraid the dog. It will not bite you. 3) The teacher explained the rule us well. 4) I'm not very fond collecting stamps. 5) They will come Los Angeles tomorrow. 6) Do they ever listen classical music? 7) That university is famous its library. 8) My parents have a lot common. 9) They like the same things.			
5.2.3. Fill the gaps with the prepositions where necessary. 1) We will soon take partin a famous TV show. 2) Don't be afraid the dog. It will not bite you. 3) The teacher explained the rule us well. 4) I'm not very fond collecting stamps. 5) They will come Los Angeles tomorrow. 6) Do they ever listen classical music? 7) That university is famous its library. 8) My parents have a lot common. 9) They like the same things.	10) What model	your friend	now?
1) We will soon take partin a famous TV show. 2) Don't be afraid the dog. It will not bite you. 3) The teacher explained the rule us well. 4) I'm not very fond collecting stamps. 5) They will come Los Angeles tomorrow. 6) Do they ever listen classical music? 7) That university is famous its library. 8) My parents have a lot common. 9) They like the same things.		en, be, come, join, arı	range, collect, do, keep, trave
2) Don't be afraid the dog. It will not bite you. 3) The teacher explained the rule us well. 4) I'm not very fond collecting stamps. 5) They will come Los Angeles tomorrow. 6) Do they ever listen classical music? 7) That university is famous its library. 8) My parents have a lot common. 9) They like the same things.	5.2.3. Fill the gaps with th	ie prepositions where	e necessary.
3) The teacher explained the rule us well. 4) I'm not very fond collecting stamps. 5) They will come Los Angeles tomorrow. 6) Do they ever listen classical music? 7) That university is famous its library. 8) My parents have a lot common. 9) They like the same things.	1) We will soon take pa	art <u>in</u> a famous I	'V show.
4) I'm not very fond collecting stamps. 5) They will come Los Angeles tomorrow. 6) Do they ever listen classical music? 7) That university is famous its library. 8) My parents have a lot common. 9) They like the same things.	2) Don't be afraid	the dog. It	will not bite you.
5) They will come Los Angeles tomorrow. 6) Do they ever listen classical music? 7) That university is famous its library. 8) My parents have a lot common. 9) They like the same things.	3) The teacher explaine	ed the rule	us well.
6) Do they ever listen classical music? 7) That university is famous its library. 8) My parents have a lot common. 9) They like the same things.	4) I'm not very fond	collectin	g stamps.
7) That university is famous its library. 8) My parents have a lot common. 9) They like the same things.	5) They will come	Los Angeles to	omorrow.
7) That university is famous its library. 8) My parents have a lot common. 9) They like the same things.	6) Do they ever listen	classica	al music?
9) They like the same things.			
	8) My parents have a lo	otcom	mon.
			e.

1) My brother doesn't like tennis.
Oh, no! He enjoys tennis.
2) St. Valentine's Day is on the 8th of March.
3) Agatha Christie wrote love stories.
4) "Peter Pan" is a famous poem by J.M. Barrie.
4) Tetel I all is a famous poem by 3.M. Daffie.
5) Lewis Carroll is a famous scientist.
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
6) Red Square is not a well-known place.
7) My friend is fond of listening to films.
8) There are a lot of books in our school garden.
9) Charlie Chaplin acted in a lot of adventure films.
10) D. D. H
10) Ray Bradbury wrote mostly comedies.
11) At the party we jogged a lot.
11, 110 the party we jogged a lot.

5.2.4. Disagree with the following statements.

5.2.5. Rev	write these sentences as special questions.
	ould like to make a model of a plane. would you like to do?
2) Eng	glish families are fond of having picnics.
What	
3) Eve	ery weekend we go for a walk in the country.
When	
4) My	grandmother kept all her old letters.
What	kind of
5) I ar	n going to school by bike now.
How _	
6) I w	atched news at 6 p.m. today.
When	
7) My	mother enjoys music programmes because she can relax then.
Why_	
8) Pol	itical programmes are on prime time usually.
What	programmes
5.2.6. Tra	nslate the underlined verbs into English. Use the appropriate tense form.
1) Она	а часто <u>ходит</u> в театр.
906	25
2) Oн	и <u>не звонили</u> мне на прошлой неделе.
3) Он	и уже <u>написали</u> контрольную работу.
4) Он	часто смотрит вечерние новости по телевизору.
5) Ha	прошлой неделе Марк сделал модель самолета.
6) Она	а <u>не любила</u> цирк, когда была ребенком.
7) H 3	наю, что он уже <u>прочитал</u> три главы этой книги.

8)	Анна получила плохую отметку на прошлом уроке.
9)	Мой брат обычно ездит в школу на велосипеде.
10)	Мои сестры сейчас <u>готовят</u> что-то вкусное.
5.2.7.	Fill the gaps. Use any appropriate verb form (infinitive or -ing).
1)	I enjoytravelling
2)	My father is fond of
3)	I have no time
4)	I would like
5)	My mother really likes
6)	I've always dreamed of
7)	My teacher is not going to
8)	My sister wants
9)	I am so happy
10)	My sister can not
the P	Fill the gaps with the appropriate form of the verb in brackets. Use resent Simple, the Present Continuous, the Present Perfect or the Past le Tenses.
1)	I <u>am writing</u> a composition now (write).
2)	I just them to my birthday party ($invite$).
3)	My cousin often picnics in the country in summer (have).
4)	you the comedy on TV yesterday (enjoy)?
	John his mother breakfast on the day of her day last month $(make)$.
6)	My friend not his dog for a walk yet (take).
	you usually fairy tales to your younger er (read)?
8)	Mark not news on TV now (watch).
(cook)	She justsomething special for her family).

Section 5.3

0.3.1. Answ	er the following questions.
1) Do yo Yes,	u usually celebrate New Year's Day?
	elebrate this holiday together with your family, don't you?
3) Where	e do you usually celebrate it?
4) When	do you usually buy New Year's presents?
5) What	kind of presents do your usually give?
6) What	time do you have New Year Supper?
7) What	do you do during New Year Party?
8) What	would you like to do during your next New Year Party?
9) What	is the best present you have ever got for New Year?
10) Do yo	u know anything about New Year traditions in other countries?

5.3.2. Fill the chart.

1	
My friends' hobbies	_
	_
	_
Traditional Russian	_
holidays	_
ļ 	_
	_
	_
Traditional British	_
holidays	_
	_
	_
	-
	_
Typical TV programmes	_
programmes	-
	_
	_
	••-
	-
Adjectives to describe	_
your	
winter / summer	-
holidays	
	-
,	_

1) <u>Whe</u>	<u>re did you</u>	<u>u go?</u>			
·					
3)	<u> </u>				
4)					
5)					
	·····				
3)					
7)					maker would a trouble - booker-pounds
3)					
8) 					nts (5 sente
8) 	ent on the fo	ollowing i	lea giving y	our argume	
4. Commo	ent on the fo	ollowing i	lea giving y	our argume	nts (5 sente
4. Commo	ent on the fo	ollowing i	lea giving y	our argume	nts (5 sente
4. Commo	ent on the fo	ollowing i	lea giving y	our argume	nts (5 sente
4. Commo	ent on the fo	ollowing i	lea giving y	our argume	nts (5 sente
4. Commo	ent on the fo	ollowing i	lea giving y	our argume	nts (5 sente
4. Commo	ent on the fo	ollowing i	lea giving y	our argume	nts (5 sente
4. Commo	ent on the fo	ollowing i	lea giving y	our argume	nts (5 sente
4. Commo	ent on the fo	ollowing i	lea giving y	our argume	nts (5 sente
4. Commo	ent on the fo	ollowing i	lea giving y	our argume	nts (5 sente
4. Commo	ent on the fo	ollowing i	lea giving y	our argume	nts (5 sente
4. Commo	ent on the fo	ollowing i	lea giving y	our argume	nts (5 sente
4. Commo	ent on the fo	ollowing i	lea giving y	our argume	nts (5 sente

Test 5.1

1.

2.

1.	Put down the correc	t answer.		
	1) How many timesa) were youb) have you been		c) did you go d) are you	ersburg?
	2) My brother reall	y enjoys	ship n	nodels.
	a) to make	•	c) have made	
	a) Kate and Anna a) play not	b) don't play		
	4) Hurry up! They a) wait	b) are waiting		
	5) Mike, you should	d do your homewor	·k	•
	a) by you	b) yourselves	c) yourself	d) youself
2.	Fill the gaps.			
	1) Bill was very bu	sy last week. He ha	ad no	to watch TV.
	2) I read a lot of de	tective stories who	en I was	holiday.
	3) My cousin quite	enjoys	to pop music	in English.
	4) I did this work _	Nobo	dy helped me.	
	5) I li	ke to have some wa	ater now.	
	Match the questions ere is an odd variar			s in the right column
	1) Does he often go	to the cinema?	a) He was il	l.
	2) Why didn't he c	ome?	b) Oh yes, h	e has.
	3) He has learnt th	e poem, hasn't he?	c) No, he do	esn't.
	4) Is he still sleeping	ng?	d) A story,	I believe.
	5) What has he wri	tten?	e) Yes, he is	5 .
			f) He was.	
4.	Fill the gaps using	the proper form of	the verb to see.	
	1) Lucy	already	her aunt.	
	2) She	_ her last Friday.	,	
	3) Lucy _	her aunt	next Monday?	
	4) She often	her aunt in	the morning on	her way to school.
	5) Lucy is fond of _	her au	unt when she has	s free time.

o. Thi the ga	ips using a	ppropriate prepo	sitions.		
1) My sis	ter makes	postcards	all o	ur relative	s.
2) Are yo	u tired	doing this	test?		•
3) The ga	rage is nex	their	house.		
4) That u	niversity i	s famous	its	s professor	s.
5) Let's g	go there	car!			
Test 5.2					
1. Put down	the correc	t answer.			
		ab	road?		
•		b) were you		you be	d) are you
2) My bro	other is tir	ed	ear	ly every da	ay.
a) to v	vake	b) of wake	c) froi	n waking	d) of waking
		out on Frida			
a) go 1	not	b) don't go	c) are	going	d) haven't go
•		in the			1\
		b) is singing			-
5) Childr	en, if you	are hungry, help		to son	ne biscuits.
a) by y	70u	b) yourselves	c) you	rseli	a) youself
2. Fill the ga	ıps.				
1) We wa	tch differe	ent TV	: ca	rtoons, ne	ws, soap operas.
2) My bro	other likes	star	nps.		
3) What	is this tow	n famous	?		
4) Shall l	help you?	– No, I'll do it _	······································	_,•	
5) I'd		to have some rest	now.		
3 Match tha	questions	in the left column	with th	a ancware i	in the right column
	_	t in the right colu		e answers	in the right column
1) Does s	he often go	o for a walk?		a) She wa	s not there.
2) Why d	idn't she h	nelp you?		b) Oh yes,	she does.
3) She ha	as done eve	rything, hasn't sl	he?	c) No, she	e isn't.
4) Is she	still study	ing?		d) A poem	ı, I think.
5) What	has she lea	rned?		e) Yes, sh	e was.
,				f) Yes, she	e has.

4. Fill the gaps us	sing the proper fo	orm of the verb to write.
1) John	already _	his composition.
2) He	it an hour a	go.
3) J	ohn his	s composition at the lesson tomorrow?
4) He usually	comp	positions once a week.
5) John doesn'	t enjoy	compositions.
5. Fill the gaps us	sing appropriate	prepositions.
1) What did yo	our parents talk _	?
2) Are you fon	d read	ing adventure stories?
3) Don't be afi	raid	the task. It's not very difficult.
4) We usually	travel to the seas	sidecar.
5) That compa	ny is famous	its very fine work

Topics

Family

Hobbies Holidays

Grammar

Regular and Irregular Verbs
The Present Indefinite Tense
The Present Continuous Tense
The Present Perfect Tense
The Past Indefinite Tense

Adjectives: Degrees of Comparison Modal Verbs: *can, must, should*

Parts of Speech: Basics

Section 6.1

6.1.1. Fill the chart.

Infinitive	Past Indefinite	Participle II	Participle I
write	wrote	written	writing
	began		
			sending
. teach			
	_	bought	
	wore		
			choosing
put			

O.I.I. III the gaps. Obe the I ast indemnite four	6.1.2. Fill the gaps. U	Jse the	Past	Indefinite	Tense
---	-------------------------	---------	------	------------	-------

1) Tom <u>Watch</u>	<u>ea</u> this film yesterd	ay (<i>watch</i>).	
2) you _	to school	last Monday (go)?	
3) Jane	afraid of dogs in her	childhood,	she (<i>be</i>)?
4) Where (celebrate)?	your family		last Christma
5) Katy very bad (studu).	not	hard last year.	Her marks we

6)	It	yesterda	у,	it (rain)?	
7)	Tim	a kitt	en three hours a	ago (find).	
8)	We	not	that pl	ay at all (enjoy).	
9)	Why	he	you so la	te yesterday (phone)?	
10) (take)		a lot of p	hotos during my	y trip to London last summe)1
11)	She	not	the truth to	o her parents yesterday (<i>tell</i>).
6.1.3. brack		the sentences. Use	e the Present Pe	erfect Tense and the words i	r
1)	I am doi	ng this exercise at	the moment (jus	st).	
	1 have	just done this	exercise.		
2)	Ann is n	ot speaking to her	friend now (yet).	
3)	Tom is n	naking a lot of ship	o models (<i>recent</i>	ly).	
4)	Mary is	cooking something	; special (just).		_
5)	It is get	ting dark (already)).		
6)	Is your i	friend taking his d	og for a walk (ye	et)?	
7)	My brot	her is visiting the	capital of Great	Britain now (already).	
8)	Ann is r	eading a fairy tale	to her cousin no	ow, isn't she (just)?	

9) Bob isn't making his bed (this week).			
10) Why aren't you doing it now (yet)?			
6.1.4. Match the name of the ten	nse in the left column and the time expressione than one variant.		
1) Past Simple	a) at the moment		
	b) already		
0.5	c) last Monday		
2) Present Perfect	d) often		
	e) yet f) now		
3) Present Continuous	g) two days ago		
,	h) just		
	i) sometimes		
4) Present Simple	j) recently		
6.1.5. Fill the gaps with the app	ropriate form of the verb to buy.		
1) Anna often <u>buys</u> brea	nd for her grandmother.		
2) Anna b	read for her grandmother yesterday.		
3) Anna just	bread for her grandmother.		
4) Anna	bread for her grandmother now.		
6.1.6. Fill the gaps using the ver Indefinite or the Present Contin	bs in the appropriate tense forms (the Presuous).		
1) I usually <u>come</u> home	at 6 p.m. on Monday (come).		
2) How often you	football (play)?		
3) Anna and Tom(wait).	for us in the park at the mom-		
4) We usually	$\underline{\hspace{0.5cm}}$ to the cinema on Fridays (go).		
5) Can I speak to Tim, please? (have).	- No, I'm afraid hea b		
6) My father no off (work).	ot on Saturdays. It's his (
7) Look, it	again (snow).		

8)	it often	in London in August (r	ain)?
9)	he sometimes	to the swimming po	ool in the
morning (go)?			
10) What langua	age he	now (speak)?	
11) He never	to bed bef	fore eleven o'clock (go).	
12) She (watch).	not usually	the evening nev	vs on TV
6.1.7. Fill the gaps	s with the appropriate	e verb form.	
1) Tom usually	has a picnic with	h his family on Saturday (ha	ve).
2) Sara	h already	these sentences (trans	late)?
		nts' house in the country last	
4) The child	wit	th his toys now $(play)$.	
	just		
		r textbook at the last lesson	(take).
		n when he was in Germany (b	
	_	chool project at the moment (
		rd from him a month ago (get	
	-	letters in English (write	
		_	
11) When	your elder siste	er usually hom	.e (come)?
Section 6.2	e texts. Use the word	ls from the list below. There	are some
odd words on the		B 110111 tile 1150 below 111010	uro somo
1) London is th	ne of	f the United Kingdom, its eco	onomical,
		It is one of the	
in the world. The		re the Tower of London, Wes	
	st, Zoo, Abbey, chi	urch, Cathedral, smallest,	capital,
2) My name is	Ekaterina. My	is S	lmirnova.
My	is n	ot large. I have got a mother in	, a father
and a grandmothe	r. My mother	in	a school.
My father is a pro-	grammer. My grandm	other	

of gardening. My pare		
. We all try to		
·		
keep, lives, relations, go, ready, wor latives, family.		
so the week I am v		
on the weekend. We have l		
news TV. If		
my dog for a walk. Ι ε		
so sometimes I go to the sports centre		
at In the evenings I l		
, about, lunch, go, spread, joy, by, duri		
he verb in the indicated tense form. A		
g projects last year.		
ften works at interesting projec		
parents now.		
ast weekend.		

4) There are some mistakes in Mark's test.
Past Simple:
Present Perfect:
5) Jane and Helen write beautiful poems.
Past Simple:
Present Perfect:
Present Continuous:
6) My parents don't often go abroad.
Past Simple:
Present Perfect:
1 1020110 1 0110001
Present Continuous:
6.9.2 Throughto the analysis of months into English Has the engagement to tang
6.2.3. Translate the underlined words into English. Use the appropriate tens form.
1) Она часто <u>ходила</u> в цирк в детстве (go). went
2) Тише, твой брат <u>спит</u> (sleep)!
3) Он уже <u>прочитал</u> три главы этой книги (read).
4) Я думаю, они сейчас <u>говорят</u> по-испански (<i>speak</i>).
5) Обычно учителя <u>ставят</u> Анне только хорошие отметки на уроке (give)

6) Вчера он при	шел на урок физкультуры с опозданием ($come$).
7) Они еще <u>не г</u>	уляли в парке (walk).
8) Мой друг <u>не</u>	увлекается теннисом (to be fond of).
9) В прошлом г	оду мы <u>собирали</u> марки (<i>collect</i>).
10) Мой брат <u>по</u>	<u>мотрел</u> все фильмы этого режиссера (watch).
6.2.4. Fill the gaps	by using can, must or should in the positive or negative
1) <u>Can</u> you	help me?
2) All pupils	listen to their teacher very carefully.
3) You really	worry about it. Everything is all right!
4)	you go already? You only came an hour ago!
5) You	feed zoo animals.
6) You look very	tired, Bob I help you?
7) You	play football in the classroom!
8) It's wet and without an umbrell	vindy outside today. I think you go o
9) You	chew gum in class!
10)	he speak English well? - Oh, no!
6.2.5. Disagree wit	the following sentences and give a sentence of your ow
_	andmother live alone?
	esn't. She lives with us.
2) Have you bee	n to St. Petersburg?
3) Is Tom fond o	f gardening?

4) Can Helen sing?
 5) Did you watch the soap opera on TV yesterday?
 6) Are there many museums in your city?
7) Has Paul got a niece?
8) Are your parents having dinner now?
9) Does your sister like porridge?
 10) Were you at the lesson an hour ago?

6.2.6. Fill the chart.

Noun	Verb	Adjective	Adverb
pen	send	nice	often
		,	

Words: slowly, culture, excellent, seldom, frosty, get, active, classroom, buy, attention, find, usually, midnight, British, never, collect.

6.2.7. Fill the gaps by using the comparison.	he adjective in the appropriate degree of		
1) Tom is <u>taller</u> than his	brother (tall).		
2) Can you show me skyscraper in Moscow (high)			
3) Jane is a	pupil than Betty (good).		
4) My granny has got the (beautiful).	garden in the village		
5) Do you know the	word in English (long)?		
6) Oh, it's	$_$ today than it was yesterday ($cold$).		
7) I really think that Russian (difficult).	is than English		
8) What is the	pet for you (good)?		
9) This story is the(boring).	of all I have read this year		
10) July is usually the	$\underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ month of the year (hot).		
6.2.8. Fill the chart with topical	words and word combinations.		
My family	Leisure time		
1) friendly	1) to enjoy		
2)	2)		
3)	3)		
4)	4)		
My breakfast	Sights		
1) toast	1) museum		
2)	2)		
3)	3)		
4)	4)		
6.2.9. Rewrite these sentences as			
•	1) There are four members in my family. How many <u>members are there in your family?</u>		
2) Many people are fond of ho	3		

	3) My brother enjoys watching horror films. What kind of
	4) We usually relax at the weekend. When
	5) Jennifer is washing up in the kitchen now. What
	6) My teacher would like to visit Japan! What country
	7) We took the picture of the elephant ourselves. Who
	8) Paul has his birthday in spring. When
S	ection 6.3
6.	3.1. Fill the gaps.
	1) My grandparents' house is not in the city; it's inthe country
	2) My family is nice and
	3) I live together with my
	4) When I was on holiday I
	5) Last weekend I had no time to
	6) I really enjoy
	7) My summer holidays were
	8) My friends are tired of
	9) Moscow is really worth
	10) I don't want to give up

	Answer the following questions. Do you live near school or far from your school?
2)	What is your hobby?
3)	What TV programmes do you watch?
4)	What do you usually do on Sunday?
5)	How many relatives have you got?
6)	What are your favourite holidays?
7)	What endangered animals can you name?
8)	What should you do about the house?
9)	What sights would you like to see in London?
10)	What are the most famous Moscow sights?

0.0.0.	I at down live questions to ask your IT lend about his weekend.
1)	
2)	
3)	
4)	
5)	
3.3.4.	Comment on the following topic giving your ideas (5 sentences).
\boldsymbol{A}	Rainy Weekend
	Comment on the following topic giving your ideas (5 sentences). Famous City
.	

Presents and Holidays			
Tast 6 4			
Test 6.1			
1. Put down the correct	et answer.		
1) Look, it	again!		
a) rained	b) rains	c) is raining	d) raining
2) We always	home a	at 8 o'clock.	
•	b) come	·	d) doesn't come
	this small		
	b) found you		d) did you found
4)			3) TT - 1 1 3
·	b) Is he selling	c) Does ne sen	d) Has he sold
5) a) Can you to	_ play the piano? b) Can you	c) Do you can	d) Are you can
•	s, can you	o, Do you oun	a) III o you oun
2. Fill the gaps.			
1) I don't know you	ı. I	_ never met you	before.
2) Why	you bring that?	'! It's awful!	
3) Kate	not often go to	the theatre.	
4) He de	oing the test now.		
5) Its	so cold and snowy	yesterday.	

6.3.6. Comment on the following topic giving your ideas (5 sentences).

3. Match the words in There is an odd varian			the right column.	
1) He can't do it himself,		a) was he?	a) was he?	
2) He wasn't at the party,		b) is he?		
3) He hasn't come yet,		c) does he?		
4) He isn't sleeping,		d) did he?		
5) He doesn't often	ı phone,	e) can he?		
		f) has he?		
4. Fill the gaps using	the appropriate f	form of the word in	brackets.	
1) Agatha Christie	is a well-known l	English	$_(write)$.	
2) My granny enjoy	7 s (¿	garden).		
3) Do you	like Russian	pop music (real)?		
4) I can't do this work now. It's (possible).				
5) Read this book.	It's very	(interest	t).	
5. Fill the gaps using	the appropriate f	orm of the adjectiv	e.	
1) Let's go by train	! It's going to be	th	an by car (fast)!	
2) It's the	cake I've	ever eaten (bad) .		
3) We need a		task than this one	(difficult).	
4) I think it's the		book in the shop (expensive).		
5) The weather is	much	than it usu	ally is at this time	
(warm).				
Test 6.2				
1. Put down the correct				
 Listen, Margare a) cried 	ta b) cries	igain! c) is crying	d) crying	
		ne early on weekdays		
a) don't come	b) come	c) comes	d) doesn't come	
3) Where	Mike?			
a) did you see	b) saw you	c) you saw	d) did you saw	
4)	_	•	T. W.W	
a) Did he write		c) Does he write	d) Has he written	
5)	_ take out the ru		d) I should	
a) Should I to		c) Do I should	d) I should	

2. Fill the gaps.		
1) I don't know anything about here.	t this city. I	never bee
2) What you done t	to the book?! It looks	terrible!
3) Anna not usually	make her bed in the	morning.
4) she still walking	?	
5) There a good film	on TV yesterday.	
3. Match the words in the left columbia there is an odd variant in the right		in the right column
1) He can go home,	a) wasn't he?	
2) He was quite all right,	b) isn't he?	
3) He has done everything,	c) doesn't he?	
4) He is reading,	d) didn't he?	
5) He often writes to you,	e) can't he?	
	f) hasn't he?	
4. Fill the gaps using the appropria	te form of the word i	in brackets.
1) Angela Merkel is a well-known	n German	(politics).
2) My father is fond of	(fish).	
3) Well done, Paul! You did the	test	_(correct).
4) I like this photo. It's very	(usua	<i>t</i>).
5) Let's travel by car. It's going	to be	(comfort).
5. Fill the gaps using the appropria	te form of the adject	ive.
1) That's the	test I've ever wri	tten (difficult)!
2) It's the film or	f the year (good).	
3) I'd like to buy a	pen (cheap).
4) I'd like to do an	task (inte	resting).
5) The wind is	than it was yesterda	y (cold).

Содержание

Методические рекомендации для учителя
BLOCK 1
Section 1.1
Section 1.2
Section 1.3
Test 1.1
Test 1.2
BLOCK 2
Section 2.1
Section 2.2
Section 2.3
Test 2.1
Test 2.2
BLOCK 3
Section 3.1 34
Section 3.2
Section 3.3
Test 3.1
Test 3.2
BLOCK 4
Section 4.1 \dots 49
Section 4.2
Section 4.3 60
Test 4.1
Test 4.2
BLOCK 5
Section 5.1
Section 5.2
Section 5.3
Test 5.1
Test 5.2
1000 012
BLOCK 6
Section 6.1 81
Section 6.2
Section 6.3 90
Test 6.1
Test 6.2



Vocabulary and Grammar in Use

- Регулярная подготовка к ГИА и ЕГЭ
- Все темы школьного курса
- Cooтветствие стандартам Oxford University
- Дифференцированный подход к обучению
- Материал для использования в школе и дома

